Unit: Alienated Characters [7 weeks]

GCSE Focus: Language Paper 1 Q3 & Q5/6 & Literature Paper 1 Modern Texts

Intent: To explore alienated characters through a whole prose text and be inspired to write imaginatively.

Implementation:

Week 1: Recognise the relationship between setting and introduction of character. Explore intended effects on audience.

Week 2: Revise sound effects from Year 7 and apply to character development. Identify how meaning is shaped through figurative language, vocabulary, grammar, text structure and organisational features.

Week 3: Read critically exploring how language and structure create meaning. Analyse extracts leading to Reading assessment.

Week 4: Explore the monologue form through poetry / 19th century ELH extracts eg Dickens, Hardy. Revise comparative writing. **Use** extracts to kick start the 'Classic Reads' project which can be continued in library lessons.

Week 5: Plan, write, draft, edit and proofread a monologue revealing the views and perspectives of an alienated character.

Week 6: Writing Review – Explore writers intentions and the intended effects (peer / self-assessment opportunity).

Week 7: Improvise and perform the monologue in character. Film and review as peer assessment opportunity.

Possible Approaches:

Alienated characters in film

Role play

Image analysis

Writing in character

Audience response

Talk Partners

Hot seating

Analytical writing

Imaginative writing

Peer / Self- Assessment

Effective annotation

Writing emotions

Talking to Writing

Evaluative Writing

Style models

Propp's character types

Prior Learning: Year 7 Poetry, Year 7 Modern Drama, Year 7 Courage & Heroism

Cross Curricular: Strong characters in Drama & History

Texts & Support Resources:

Whispers in the Graveyard, Skellig, Of Mice and Men, Holes

Film clips

Opening Doors to Quality Writing-Bob Cox

- Literature Analysis tool
- Language of an Expert
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Planning grid
- Detailed Paragraph Planner
- Writing frames / Sentence starters
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: How does the writer use language and structure to describe character? AO2

15 marks

Write for a clear audience, purpose and form:

W: Write a monologue revealing character's views and perspectives. AO5/6

40 marks

S&L: Perform the monologue in character (Film and review as peer assessment).

- Identify and explore links between language and structural devices in creating character.
- Show awareness of how characters embody themes, are created through mood and atmosphere and affect audiences.
- Explore the emotive aspect surrounding alienated characters and empathise accordingly.
- Learn how to evaluate successfully using perceptive and accurate written expression in formulating validated opinions.
- Begin to understand the importance of drafting and crafting to create strong emotive content.
- Further development of the planning process in writing creatively for a specific **purpose**, **audience and form**.
- Explore inference and language features using meta-language.

Intent: To build on the relationship between poetry and nature. To understand how the animal kingdom continues to inspire unforgettable poetry.

Implementation:

Week 1: Critical reading of a range of Animal poetry exploring language, structure, imagery, theme and mood.

Week 2: Recognise poetic conventions (including sound, vocabulary, rhythm and structure) and analyse the effects produced.

Week 3: Research and compile an anthology of Animal poetry and annotate for meaning. Consider sequencing.

Week 4: Write poetry inspired by Animals drawing on knowledge of literary devices and context. Draft and review. Include research of habitat, diet, hunting methods – importance of context.

Week 5: Organise debating teams with independent research time to compile a structured argument.

Week 6: Comparison of a key theme in two poems including at least one Literary Heritage poem.

Week 7: Complete their anthology including their own poems, a preface and front cover.

Possible Approaches:

Performance of poetry Documentary footage to inspire Dynamic reading of wild animal images

Analysis / Critical Reading
Intended effects of language
Talk Partners
How to annotate effectively
Early drafts of poetry
Imaginative writing
Peer Assessment
The skill of comparison
Revise Rhetorical devices
Identify debating / listening skills

Prior Learning: Year 7 Nature & Romanticism, Year 7 & 8 Original Writing

Texts & Support Resources:

Ted Hughes, John Clare, D.H. Lawrence, Dickinson, Blake, Hardy, Larkin etc

Poetry in the Making – Ted Hughes

Opening Doors to Quality Writing-Bob Cox

- Poetry Analysis Tool
- Style Models
- Language of an Expert
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Comparative Connectives
- Poetry drafts
- Images of Nature
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: Evaluate how successfully the writer conveys a specific meaning or theme.

AO4

W: Writing a narrative from the perspective of a wild animal AO5/6

R/W: Compare how any theme is presented in the two poems (One <u>must</u> be Literary Heritage) AO2/AO3

20 marks

S&L: Debating – identify an issue relating to the topic of wild animals eg captivity, fur trade, cosmetic testing.

Cross Curricular:

- Explore links between vocabulary and imagery in Poetry.
- Develop appreciation of the conventions of poetry and express ideas with clarity.
- Awareness of how the savagery of Nature continues to influence Poetry.
- Continue to mine the importance of time, place and setting as contextual support for understanding meaning.
- Writing for a specific **purpose**, **audience** and **form**.
- Develop understanding of figurative language in Poetry to express deeper ideas (explicit / implicit meanings).
- Plan and write imaginatively being inspired by sensory detail.
- Learn the skill of comparison and how to compare effectively.
- Develop student conversations to voice opinions, listen to and appreciate the work of others and support learning.
- To build confidence through supported interpretations.

Unit: Doom, Death & Destruction [5 weeks]

GCSE Focus: Language Paper 2 Q6 & Q8/9

Intent: To analyse a range of non-fiction articles; these will inform a piece of transactional writing for a specific purpose, audience and form.

Implementation:

Week 1: Critical reading of a range of non-fiction news articles exploring language, structure, layout and audience. Identify conventions of the form, intended effects, language of the news and bias.

Week 2: Further develop the skill of evaluative writing using annotated articles. Explore approaches to structuring an evaluation and expressing ideas with clarity.

Week 3: Experiment, research and write for a wide range of purposes and audiences, applying knowledge of grammar and text structure and selecting the appropriate form. Identify news script conventions and focus on content.

Week 4: Plan, write, draft, edit and proofread to improve the script of an eye witness account. Consider the role of sequencing information; writing for purpose, audience and form; and applying knowledge from analysis of style models. Peer assessment and self-review opportunity.

Week 5: Rehearse and perform the interviews including peer and self-assessment.

Possible Approaches:

Use of news clips to model eg TV reports on disasters Reading comprehension **Analysis / Critical Reading** Structure & Layout Focus **Concentric Circles** How to annotate effectively Writing to recount Peer Assessment Writing Styles: Tabloid sensationalism / Factual reporting **Evaluative** writing Style models Paired work on eye witness account

Cross Curricular: History – Factual accounts

Prior Learning: Year 7 Survival in the Modern World, Year 7 Cultural Voices, Year 8 Alienated Characters

Texts & Support Resources:

Use a range of articles and clips across platforms - Print / Media / Broadcast

- Non-Fiction Analysis Tool
- Planning Grid
- Detailed Paragraph Planner
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Sequencing Connectives
- Written drafts
- Style Models
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing
- Language of an Expert

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: In this extract there is an attempt to sensationalise the disaster. Evaluate how successfully this is achieved

AO4

15 marks

Write for a clear audience, purpose and form:

W: Write a script where an eye witness to a disaster is interviewed by a journalist. AO5/6

40 marks

S&L: In pairs, perform the interviews and film it for peer assessment and review. Think about use of camera between interviewer and interviewee.

- Analysis of Language for evaluative writing stepping outside the text to identify writers' intentions.
- Offer supported opinions and express ideas with clarity.
- Recognise the features of non-fiction texts including sensationalist language, structural features and layout.
- Continue to develop awareness of writing for purpose, audience and form especially writing to recount.
- Plan and write imaginatively, experimenting with perspective and convention of the form to engage the reader
- Work collaboratively to enhance and support the achievement of others.
- Develop student conversations to voice opinions, listen to and appreciate the work of others and support learning.
- Appreciate the importance of drafting to improve.
- Develop multi-media skills and paralinguistic features.

GCSE Focus: Language & Literature

Intent: To promote creative and critical thinking and a wider appreciation of visual texts. To develop the creative mindset (curiosity, resilience, bravery & collaboration).

Implementation:

Week 1: Contexts & Media (Storylines, locations, brand and identifying the message).

Week 2: Advertising as a process including purpose, audience, brand image, marketing strategies and media placement. *Students have a choice to study the Nike or John Lewis campaign*.

Week 3: Developing visual literacy including an understanding of shot sequencing and timing. Students will also explore the significance of sound, photography and lighting and linking this to genre.

Week 4: Comparison of adverts allows students to build upon comparative writing skills. This can be planned, developed, marked for improvement and drafted as an example of extended writing.

Week 5: Studying the market – Develop an understanding of product, brand and image. Start creating an advertising campaign – this is a creative and collaborative piece of work which will satisfy a brief and spread across all three media platforms.

Week 6: Studying the market – Market share. Complete the creation of an advertising campaign – from target audience to pitching the idea to what to include.

Week 7: Students present their work to the class. Peer assessment opportunity during presentation.

Possible Approaches:

Use of a range of television adverts Dynamic Reading skills

Analysis / Critical Reading

Structure & Layout Focus

Critical debate & discussion

Media terminology

Writing to recount

Peer Assessment

Writing Styles: Criticality &

Creativity / Opinionated

Satisfying a brief

Evaluative writing

Style models

Paired work on eye witness account

Prior Learning: Year 7 Survival in the Modern World, Year 7 Cultural Voices

Texts & Support Resources:

Use a range of adverts across platforms – Print / Media / Broadcast

- Resources from Ideas Foundation
- NATE Resources
- Media Text Analysis Tool
- Planning Grid
- Detailed Paragraph Planner
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Sequencing Connectives
- Written drafts
- Style Models
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing
- Language of an Expert
- GCSE Media Text books

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: Comparison of two existing moving image adverts. How is media language used to appeal to the audience?

W: Creating a campaign – Students work collaboratively to create and satisfy an advertising brief for either Nike or John Lewis (or a rival brand).

S&L: Groups present their work to the class.

Learning Outcomes (Impact):

- Recognise how Advertising exists across the three platforms of broadcast, print and e-media.
- Analysis of Media Language in Advertising.

Cross Curricular: D&T Satisfying a design brief

- Understand how media texts are constructed (TILL / CESSM) to appeal to different audiences.
- Offer supported opinions and express ideas with clarity.
- Introduction to the Media frameworks of Representation, Audience, Industries & Language (RAIL) as well as Ideology, Narrative and Genre.
- Consolidate knowledge of writing for **purpose**, **audience and form** especially writing to persuade.
- Plan and write imaginatively, experimenting with the relationship between image and copy to engage the reader.
- Work collaboratively to move from concept to completion.
- Further development of multi-media skills.

Intent: To explore different perspectives of childhood across time and cultural divides with a focus on how prejudice may link to or affect the writer's perspective.

Implementation:

Week 1: Critical reading and annotation of a range of non-fiction news articles / autobiographies with a focus on prejudice. Practice paragraphs unpicking language and structure to convey perspectives. Explore intended effects and work on expression.

Week 2: Re-cap comparative writing (appropriate connectives, structural features) and introduce a second text. Further develop the skill of successful comparison using style models. Reading Assessment delivered cold.

Week 3: Diamond 9 – in pairs, put 9 comments about Prejudice in order of importance and explain choices. Use discussion to identify personal views and a topic for written speech. Annotate great examples of persuasive speeches with a focus on language and structure.

Week 4: Plan, write, draft, edit and proofread the persuasive speech. Experiment with the role of sequencing information for impact; writing for purpose, audience and form; using rhetoric for impact and applying knowledge from analysis of style models. Peer assessment and self-review opportunity.

Week 5: Rehearse and perform the speech including peer and self-assessment. Work on delivery for impact and boosting confidence when speaking to an audience.

Possible Approaches:

Prejudice discussion News clips / TV interviews to identify perspectives Annotation of newspaper articles / autobiographies to model Perspectives on childhood – own and that of others Reading comprehension **Analysis / Critical Reading** Identify different types of prejudice Concentric Circles / Talk Partners **Comparative** Writing Peer Assessment Writing for Speech – the art of rhetoric **Transactional** Writing Style models

Prior Learning: Year 7 Good Vs. Evil, Year 7 Cultural Voices, Year 8 Alienated Characters, Year 7 & 8 Poetry Units for Comparative Writing Cross Curricular: History / PHSE

Texts & Support Resources:

Use a range of extracts from contemporary non-fiction texts eg Malala/Obama autobiographies or newspaper articles

- Non-Fiction Analysis Tool
- Planning Grid
- Detailed Paragraph Planner
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Sequencing Connectives
- Written drafts
- Style Models
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing
- Language of an Expert

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: Compare how the writers of text 1 and text 2 present ideas about prejudice and childhood. AO3

14 marks

Write for a clear audience, purpose and form:

W: Write a speech which shows how your perspective on prejudice has changed over time.

AO5/6 40 marks

S&L: Deliver the speech, film and peer / self-review (Pass, Merit, Distinction)

- Understand differences between fiction/ non-fiction texts.
- Analysis of Language to link prejudice and perspectives stepping outside the text to identify writers' intentions.
- Offer supported opinions and express ideas with clarity.
- Continue to develop awareness of writing for purpose, audience and form especially writing to persuade.
- Plan and write convincingly, experimenting with structure of the form to engage the audience.
- Work collaboratively to enhance and support the achievement of others.
- Develop student conversations to voice opinions, listen to and appreciate the work of others and support learning.
- Appreciate the importance of drafting to improve.
- Develop confidence with spoken language delivery.

Unit: The Imitation Game [6 weeks]

GCSE Focus: Spoken Language

Intent: To compare genre conventions in fiction; articulate supported opinions in a formal presentation and be inspired to write imaginatively in a chosen genre style.

Implementation:

Week 1: Identify genres in film, music and Literature. Recognise genre conventions and begin to annotate extracts to show awareness of Literary style. Revisit evaluative / Comparative writing. Practice paragraphs on one text expressing ideas with clarity.

Week 2: Read critically to identify how a Literary style is shaped through language, vocabulary, grammar, text structure and organisational features. Introduce a second text and compare how successfully the writers obey or challenge genre conventions. Research and select an extract independently. Reading assessment delivered cold.

Week 3: Prepare presentations using their Reading assessments to inform views and critical opinions. Prepare cue cards and rehearse.

Week 4: Perform individual presentations to the class. Peer assessment opportunity (Pass, Distinction, Merit).

Week 5: Plan, write, draft, edit and proofread an additional chapter, alternate ending, different opening, introduction of new character etc. Use annotated extracts to plan. Act independently on feedback to improve.

Week 6: Complete written task. Writing Review – Explore how successful they have been using agreed success criteria (peer / self-assessment opportunity).

Possible Approaches:

Film posters: What is genre? Annotated texts to model Focus on vocabulary, sentence structures, figurative language, imagery, mood and tone. Identify Literary styles and features (language, structure, thematic) -Writing DNA / Literary fingerprint dialogue, descriptive detail, setting, action, character, internal / external thoughts. Intended effects on reader Talk Partners / Concentric circles **Analytical** writing **Imaginative** / emulative writing Peer / Self- Assessment

Prior Learning: Year 7 & 8 Poetry Units for Comparative Writing, Year 7 Courage & Heroism, Year 8 Alienated Characters

Cross Curricular:

Texts & Support Resources:

Students should read / watch a range of fiction extracts with a strong generic style.

Opening Doors to Quality Writing-Bob Cox

- Literature Analysis tool
- Language of an Expert
- 50 Ways to Express Your Opinion
- Planning grid
- Detailed Paragraph Planner
- Writing frames / Sentence starters
- Peer Assessment Tool
- Student Guide to Extended Writing

Assessment (KAP in **bold**):

R: Compare how successfully the two writers obey or challenge genre conventions AO2/AO3 20 marks

Write for a clear audience, purpose and form: W: Write convincingly in the style of your

chosen genre AO5/6
40 marks

S&L: Individual Presentations: 'There are no genres – only good and bad writing: To what extent do you agree?

Pass, Merit, Distinction

- Identify genre conventions in fictional extracts and compare them effectively using evidence to support.
- Write critically and with clarity to express ideas and evaluate.
- Use perceptive and accurate written expression in formulating validated opinions.
- Show awareness of how writers create a literary style.
- Learn how to emulate styles successfully.
- Further development of the planning process in writing creatively for a specific purpose, audience and form.
- Develop the drafting / editing / proofreading process to create and craft strong generic content.
- Explore language and structural features using metalanguage.